Audience Awareness

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Audience Awareness

• The effect of Audience on Style:

- Your style is determined in part by your audience.
 - The following elements constitute style:
 - Message
 - Argument
 - Word Choice
 - Sentence Type and Length
 - Tone

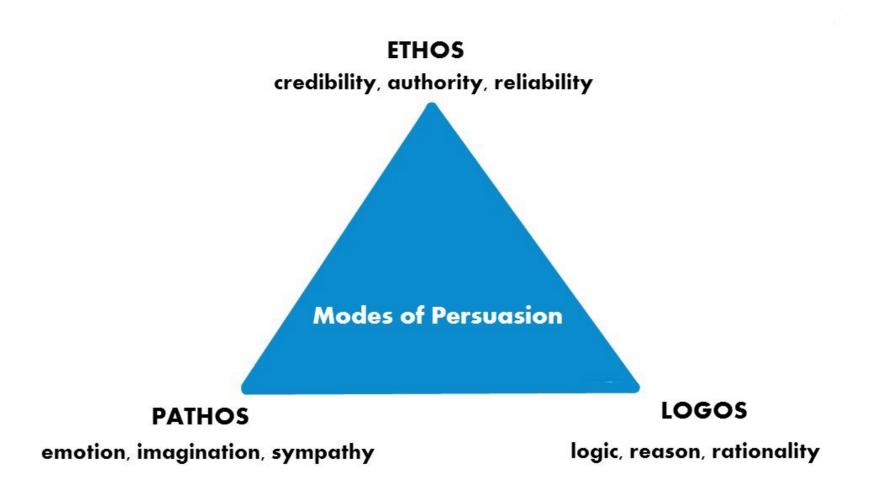
The Effect of Audience on Style

- Message:
 - What does the audience care about?
- Argument/Content:
 - What would they need to hear to agree with your argument?
- Word choice:
 - Should you use jargon and slang? Formal or informal words? Contractions?
- Sentence type and length:
 - Should you use long, complex sentences or short, simple ones?
- Tone:
 - Should it be personal or distanced, humorous or serious, formal or informal?

Tone, Language, and Appeal

- Strategies for connecting with an audience through effective tone, language, and rhetorical appeals:
 - Three basic rhetorical approaches:
 - Tone:
 - Difference between formal and conversational tone
 - Tone reveals the attitude of the writer, which can range from friendly to angry to cold to intimate.
 - Language:
 - Language is closely related to tone
 - Use appropriate language for your audience to adopt a proper tone
 - Be mindful of your **discourse communities** based on your audience
 - Rhetorical Appeal:
 - To be a persuasive writer, use rhetorical approaches, such as the **three modes of persuasion**:
 - Logos
 - Pathos
 - Ethos

Three Modes of Persuasion



Academic Voice

- Be Clear:
 - Instead of: The utilization of teams as a way of optimizing our capacity to meet and prioritize our goals will impact the productivity of the company.
 - Write: Teams will execute the goals and enhance the company's output.
- Avoid First-Person Pronouns:
 - Instead of: I think anyone wishing to be a parent must take parenting classes.
 - Write: Parenting classes should be mandatory for all future parents.

Academic Voice (Cont.)

- Avoid Using Second-Person Pronouns:
 - Instead of: When you read the letter, you'll realize that he was writing to all.
 - Write: On reading the letter, the readers will note that he was addressing all.
- Avoid Contractions:
 - Instead of: It can't be done, but we mustn't give up.
 - Write: It cannot be done, but we must not give up.

Academic Voice (Cont.)

- Use Gender-Inclusive Language:
 - Instead of: Every student should complete his or her paper by noon today.
 - Write: Students should complete their papers by noon today.
- Avoid Abbreviations for Common Words:
 - Instead of: He was declared the winner last Mon. on Jan. 6th.
 - Write: He was declared the winner last Monday, on January 6.