# Audience Awareness

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#### **Audience Awareness**

#### • The effect of Audience on Style:

- Your style is determined in part by your audience.
  - The following elements constitute style:
    - Message
    - Argument
    - Word Choice
    - Sentence Type and Length
    - Tone

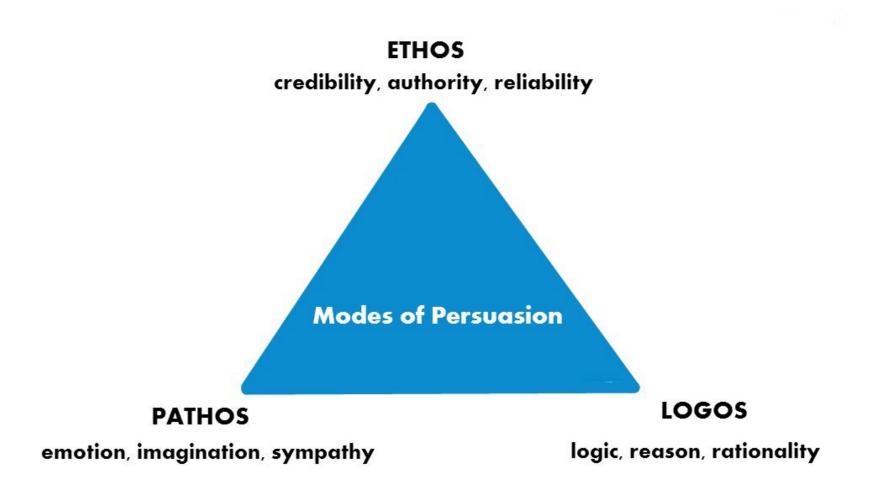
# The Effect of Audience on Style

- Message:
  - What does the audience care about?
- Argument/Content:
  - What would they need to hear to agree with your argument?
- Word choice:
  - Should you use jargon and slang? Formal or informal words? Contractions?
- Sentence type and length:
  - Should you use long, complex sentences or short, simple ones?
- Tone:
  - Should it be personal or distanced, humorous or serious, formal or informal?

### Tone, Language, and Appeal

- Strategies for connecting with an audience through effective tone, language, and rhetorical appeals:
  - Three basic rhetorical approaches:
    - Tone:
      - Difference between formal and conversational tone
      - Tone reveals the attitude of the writer, which can range from friendly to angry to cold to intimate.
    - Language:
      - Language is closely related to tone
      - Use appropriate language for your audience to adopt a proper tone
      - Be mindful of your **discourse communities** based on your audience
    - Rhetorical Appeal:
      - To be a persuasive writer, use rhetorical approaches, such as the **three modes of persuasion**:
        - Logos
        - Pathos
        - Ethos

#### **Three Modes of Persuasion**



#### **Academic Voice**

- Be Clear:
  - Instead of: The utilization of teams as a way of optimizing our capacity to meet and prioritize our goals will impact the productivity of the company.
  - Write: Teams will execute the goals and enhance the company's output.
- Avoid First-Person Pronouns:
  - Instead of: I think anyone wishing to be a parent must take parenting classes.
  - Write: Parenting classes should be mandatory for all future parents.

# Academic Voice (Cont.)

- Avoid Using Second-Person Pronouns:
  - Instead of: When you read the letter, you'll realize that he was writing to all.
  - Write: On reading the letter, the readers will note that he was addressing all.
- Avoid Contractions:
  - Instead of: It can't be done, but we mustn't give up.
  - Write: It cannot be done, but we must not give up.

# Academic Voice (Cont.)

- Use Gender-Inclusive Language:
  - Instead of: Every student should complete his or her paper by noon today.
  - Write: Students should complete their papers by noon today.
- Avoid Abbreviations for Common Words:
  - Instead of: He was declared the winner last Mon. on Jan. 6<sup>th</sup>.
  - Write: He was declared the winner last Monday, on January 6.